



JAMMU AND KASHMIR PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

RESHAM GHAR COLONY, BAKSHI NAGAR, JAMMU - 180016

Website: <http://jkpsc.nic.in>

Jammu: 0191-2566533

Subject: Written Examination for the posts of Lecturer(s) [Economics, History] in the School Education Department - Provisional Answer Key(s) thereof.

Notification No. PSC/Exam/S/2025/44

Dated: 19.10.2025

In pursuance of Rule 10(c) of the Jammu & Kashmir Public Service Commission (Conduct of Examination) Rules, 2022, as amended upto date, the Provisional Answer Keys of Question Papers pertaining to the written examinations for the posts of **Lecturer(s) [Economics, History] in School Education Department**, held on **19.10.2025**, are hereby notified for seeking the objections from candidates.

Provisional Answer Key

(Economics)

Test Booklet Question No. (Series A)	
Q1	B
Q2	C
Q3	D
Q4	D
Q5	C
Q6	D
Q7	B
Q8	B
Q9	D
Q10	A
Q11	C

Test Booklet Question No. (Series A)	
Q12	D
Q13	A
Q14	D
Q15	B
Q16	B
Q17	C
Q18	A
Q19	A
Q20	D
Q21	D
Q22	C

Test Booklet Question No. (Series A)	
Q23	A
Q24	B
Q25	A
Q26	C
Q27	D
Q28	C
Q29	D
Q30	A
Q31	C
Q32	B
Q33	C

Test Booklet Question No. (Series A)	
Q34	D
Q35	B
Q36	B
Q37	D
Q38	C
Q39	A
Q40	C
Q41	B
Q42	C
Q43	B
Q44	B
Q45	B
Q46	C
Q47	A
Q48	A
Q49	B
Q50	D
Q51	C
Q52	C
Q53	A
Q54	B
Q55	A
Q56	A

Test Booklet Question No. (Series A)	
Q57	C
Q58	C
Q59	B
Q60	D
Q61	D
Q62	B
Q63	A
Q64	B
Q65	A
Q66	C
Q67	B
Q68	A
Q69	C
Q70	A
Q71	A
Q72	C
Q73	B
Q74	B
Q75	C
Q76	B
Q77	C
Q78	B
Q79	A

Test Booklet Question No. (Series A)	
Q80	C
Q81	B
Q82	B
Q83	C
Q84	D
Q85	C
Q86	C
Q87	B
Q88	A
Q89	A
Q90	A
Q91	B
Q92	D
Q93	C
Q94	B
Q95	D
Q96	A
Q97	D
Q98	C
Q99	B
Q100	B

Provisional Answer Key
(History)

Test Booklet Question No. (Series A)	
Q1	A
Q2	A
Q3	B
Q4	A
Q5	B
Q6	A
Q7	B
Q8	D
Q9	B
Q10	A
Q11	C
Q12	B
Q13	A
Q14	A
Q15	B
Q16	A
Q17	C
Q18	C
Q19	A
Q20	A
Q21	B
Q22	B
Q23	A
Q24	B
Q25	B
Q26	B
Q27	C
Q28	C
Q29	A
Q30	B
Q31	B
Q32	A
Q33	C
Q34	C

Test Booklet Question No. (Series A)	
Q35	B
Q36	B
Q37	B
Q38	C
Q39	C
Q40	D
Q41	B
Q42	D
Q43	A
Q44	B
Q45	C
Q46	B
Q47	D
Q48	B
Q49	C
Q50	A
Q51	D
Q52	A
Q53	D
Q54	A
Q55	B
Q56	D
Q57	C
Q58	C
Q59	D
Q60	A
Q61	A
Q62	C
Q63	A
Q64	D
Q65	A
Q66	B
Q67	C
Q68	C

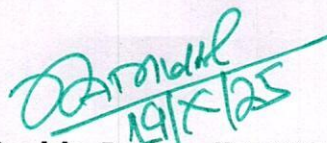
Test Booklet Question No. (Series A)	
Q69	B
Q70	C
Q71	A
Q72	C
Q73	B
Q74	C
Q75	B
Q76	A
Q77	A
Q78	B
Q79	B
Q80	C
Q81	D
Q82	B
Q83	B
Q84	C
Q85	D
Q86	C
Q87	C
Q88	D
Q89	A
Q90	B
Q91	C
Q92	B
Q93	A
Q94	B
Q95	C
Q96	B
Q97	C
Q98	B
Q99	B
Q100	D

The candidates are advised to refer to **Question Booklet (Series A)** to match the corresponding question(s) in their respective Question Booklet Series and if any candidate feels that the key to any of the question(s) is/are wrong, he/she may represent on prescribed format/proforma annexed as **Annexure-A** along with the documentary proof/evidence (**hard copies only**) and fee of Rs.500/- per question in the form of Demand Draft drawn in favour of **COE, J&K PSC** (refundable in case of genuine/correct representation) to the Controller of Examinations, Jammu & Kashmir Public Service Commission, from Wednesday i.e. 22.10.2025 to 24.10.2025. **The candidates are further advised to clearly mention the question(s) objected to with reference to its serial number as it appears in the Question Booklet of Series A of the provisional answer key(s).**

Any objection/application not accompanied by the requisite Demand Draft of Rs.500/- as prescribed, shall not be considered/entertained under any circumstances. Candidates are, in their own interest, advised to adhere to these instructions and not submit any objection unaccompanied by the Demand Draft as required under extant rules. The Commission shall not entertain any such representation(s) after the expiry of the stipulated period i.e. after 24.10.2025 (Friday), 05.00 pm.

Further, objection(s) submitted in any other mode will not be entertained.

The provisional answer key(s) are also available on the website of the Commission <http://www.jkpsc.nic.in>.


(Sachin Jamwal) JKAS

Controller of Examinations

J&K Public Service Commission

No. PSC/Ex-Secy/2025/31

Copy to the: -

1. Director, Information and Public Relations, J&K for publication of the notice in all leading newspapers published from Jammu/Srinagar.
2. P.S. to Hon'ble Chairman, J&K Public Service Commission for information of the Hon'ble Chairman.
3. P.S. to Hon'ble Member, Shri _____ for information of the Hon'ble Member.
4. P. A. to Secretary, J&K Public Service Commission for information of the Secretary.
5. Main file/Stock file/Notice Board.

Dated: 19.10.2025

Annexure-A

Representation regarding objection(s) to any Question/Answer pertaining to the Written Examination conducted for the posts of Lecturer(s) [Economics, History] in School Education Department held on 19.10.2025

(NOTE: USE SEPARATE FORMS FOR SEPARATE QUESTIONS)

Discipline: _____

Name of the Applicant: _____

Roll No. : _____

Correspondence Address : _____

Contact/Mobile No. : _____

Date of Application: _____ .10.2025

Demand Draft Details: No. _____ Date _____ Amount _____

Candidates Account No.(16 digit) & IFSC Code : _____

Question No. in Series A	Details of the Objection	Resource Material (copy to be enclosed)	Details of the Website (if any)
<u>Correct Answer/Option as per candidate :</u>			

Signature of the Candidate

Note : Application for each question/answer shall be made on separate page in the given format, otherwise the first question entered in the format shall only be considered.

Booklet Serial No. **360889**

Test Booklet Series

TEST BOOKLET
LECTURER - (10+2)
ECONOMICS
Written Test - 2025
(56)

A

Time Allowed: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET **DOES NOT** HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. Please note that it is the candidate's responsibility to encode and fill in the Roll Number and Test Booklet Series Code A, B, C or D carefully and without any omission or discrepancy at the appropriate places in the OMR Answer /Response Sheet. Any omission/discrepancy will render the Response Sheet liable for rejection.
3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside.
DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
4. This Test booklet contains **100** items (questions). Each item comprises of four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet/Response Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose **ONLY ONE** response for each item.
5. You have to mark all your responses **ONLY** on the separate Answer /Response Sheet provided. See directions in the Response Sheet.
6. **All** items carry equal marks.
7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer /Response Sheet, the response to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer /Response Sheet as per instructions sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
8. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Response Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the Invigilator **only the Answer /Response Sheet**. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet and **Candidate's Copy of the Response Sheet**.
9. Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.
10. While writing Centre, Subject and Roll No. on the top of the Answer Sheet/Response Sheet in appropriate boxes use **"ONLY BALL POINT PEN"**.
11. **Penalty for wrong answers:**
THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY THE CANDIDATE IN THE WRITTEN TEST (OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS PAPERS).
 - (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **(0.25)** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
 - (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a **wrong answer** even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above for that question.
 - (iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be **no penalty** for that question.

1. For a Giffen commodity:
 - A) The substitution effect is more than negative income effect
 - B) The substitution effect is less than negative income effect
 - C) The substitution effect is equal to negative income effect
 - D) Both the substitution effect and the income effect are negative

2. The Cobb Douglas Production function is homogenous of degree one. Which statement is true ?
 - A) There is increasing returns to scale
 - B) A proportional increase of all inputs expands output in different proportion
 - C) Marginal product depends on input ratio only
 - D) Average product depends on absolute amounts of inputs

3. The law of variable proportion explains that
 - I. There are three stages of production
 - II. In the second stage marginal product is more than average product
 - III. In the third stage marginal product is negative
 - IV. In the first stage total product increases at an increasing rate

Choose the correct combination:

 - A) All I, II, III and IV are correct.
 - B) Only I, II and III are correct.
 - C) Only I, II and IV are correct.
 - D) Only I, III and IV are correct.

4. Under perfect price discrimination:
 - A) The consumer surplus and producer surplus are zero
 - B) The consumer surplus is negative but producer surplus is positive
 - C) The consumer surplus and the producer surplus are positive
 - D) Only the consumer surplus is zero

5. Which one of the following is NOT a theory of oligopoly?
 - A) Kinked Demand Curve Model
 - B) Price Leadership Model
 - C) Lexicographic Model
 - D) Cournot Model

6. Match the following:

LIST - I

1. Diamond water Paradox
2. Dead Weight Loss
3. Bliss Point
4. Lorenz Curve

LIST - II

- i. Distribution of Income
- ii. Indifference Curve Analysis
- iii. Marginal Utility Analysis
- iv. Consumer and Producer Surplus

Choose the correct match:

- A) 1-i, 2-iv, 3-iii and 4-ii
- B) 1-iii, 2-iv, 3-i and 4-ii
- C) 1-ii, 2-iii, 3-i and 4-iv
- D) 1-iii, 2-iv, 3-ii and 4-i

7. The phenomenon of Adverse Selection arises when:
- a buyer decides to buy a good to be consumed in future.
 - a buyer or seller enters into an exchange with another party who has more information.
 - a seller sells the buyer a product which has no utility for the buyer.
 - a buyer or seller breaks the agreement to buy or sell the product unilaterally.
8. Any reallocation of resources can not make some one better off without making some other one worse off. This situation is known as:
- A Pigou Optimality Situation
 - A Pareto Optimality Situation
 - A Hicks Optimality Situation
 - A Recardo Optimality Situation
9. For the given statements I and II ,choose the correct option:
Statement - I: Firms that exhibit increasing returns to scale have U - shaped long run average cost curves.
Statement - II: The supply curve of a competitive firm in the short run is its marginal cost curve above average cost.
Choose the correct option:
- Both I and II are correct.
 - Both I and II are wrong.
 - I is correct but II is wrong
 - I is wrong but II is correct
10. Monopoly power is explained by
- $\frac{P - MC}{P}$
 - $\frac{P - AC}{P}$
 - $\frac{P - MC}{AC}$
 - $\frac{AC - MC}{P}$
11. In the C E S production function $Q = A\{\alpha K^{-\rho} + (1 - \alpha)L^{-\rho}\}^{-1/\rho}$, ρ (rho) is related to the elasticity of substitution (σ) by the equation:
- $\sigma = 1 / (1 - \rho)$
 - $\sigma = \rho / (1 + \rho)$
 - $\sigma = 1 / (1 + \rho)$
 - $\sigma = (1 - \rho) / (1 + \rho)$

12. Which of the following statement is correct?
- A) The I S curve will shift to the left when the tax rate is lowered.
 - B) The I S curve slopes upward to the right.
 - C) The I S curve is relatively steep if investment is less sensitive to changes in the interest rate.
 - D) The I S curve is relatively flat if investment is less sensitive to changes in the interest rate.

13. Consider the following statements:

Assertion (A): An increase in government spending causes lesser increase in income compared to the total shift in the I S curve.

Reason (R): The increase in government spending causes increase in the rate of interest which crowds out private investment to some extent.

Choose the correct option:

- A) Both A and R are correct and R is correct explanation of A
- B) Both A and R are correct but R is NOT correct explanation of A
- C) A is correct but R is wrong
- D) A is wrong but R is correct

14. Which of the following statement is NOT correct?

- A) Neo Classical economists propose that economic agents will form rational expectations
- B) The view of New Classical is that systematic monetary and fiscal policy action that change A D will not affect output and employment even in the short run.
- C) When the increase in the money supply is unanticipated, the New Classical Model indicates that output and employment will be affected in the short run.
- D) New Classical economists policy conclusions are strongly interventionist unlike those of the Classical economists.

15. Due to monetary expansion under fixed exchange rates and perfect capital mobility in an IS- LM model

- I. The rate of interest decreases
- II. The level of income does not rise
- III. The rate of interest remains same
- IV. The deficit in BOP rises

Choose the correct combination:

- A) All I, II, III and IV are correct.
- B) Only II and III are correct.
- C) Only I, II and IV are correct.
- D) Only I, III and IV are correct.

16. Which one is correct ? (Given, S = Private Saving, T = Net tax revenue, I = Private domestic Investment, G = Government Purchases of goods and services and NX = net export)

- A) $S - T = I + G + NX$
- B) $S + T = I + G + NX$
- C) $S + T = I + G - NX$
- D) $S + T = C + I + G + NX$

17. Match the following.

List - I

- 1. IS curve
- 2. LM curve
- 3. Government Multiplier
- 4. Money Market equilibrium

List - II

- i. $i = (1/h)(kY - \bar{M}\bar{P})$
- ii. $Y = \alpha_G(A - bi)$
- iii. $L = kY - hi$
- iv. $\alpha_G = 1 / \{1 - c(1 - t)\}$

Choose the correct match:

- A) 1- ii, 2- iv, 3- i and 4- iii
- B) 1- iii, 2- ii, 3- iv and 4- i
- C) 1- ii, 2- i, 3- iv and 4- iii
- D) 1- iii, 2- iv, 3- ii and 4- i

18. The acceleration principle is concerned with

- A) the changes in investment
- B) the size of tax rate
- C) the changes in savings rate
- D) the changes in interest rate

19. Depreciation of domestic currency worsens the trade deficit in the short run but improves in the long run. This effect of devaluation is known as

- A) The J curve
- B) The Y curve
- C) The C curve
- D) The G curve

20. The liquidity trap is a situation of:

- A) A very low level of inflation
- B) A very low level of investment
- C) A very low level of employment
- D) A very low level of interest rate

21. The Tobin's q theory is related to

- A) export
- B) Depreciation of a currency
- C) Devaluation of a currency
- D) Investment

22. Two lists are given below. List-I includes the name of the economists and List-II comprises the name of the theories given by them.

Match the following:

List - I

- 1. Hawtrey
- 2. Hicks
- 3. Schumpeter
- 4. Samuelson

List - II

- i. Innovation theory
- ii. Multiplier- Acceleration Interaction theory
- iii. Theory of trade cycle
- iv. Pure Monetary Theory

Choose the correct match:

- A) 1- i, 2- iv, 3- iii and 4- ii
- B) 1- iii, 2- iv, 3- ii and 4- i
- C) 1- iv, 2- iii, 3- i and 4- ii
- D) 1- iii, 2- iv, 3- i and 4- ii

23. Economic growth takes place when there is:

- A) an increase in a country's total output of goods and services over time
- B) no change in poverty level, illiteracy rate or infant mortality rate
- C) an increase in a country's population.
- D) fluctuations in income inequality.

24. The principal strategy of development necessary for any take off is the mobilization of domestic and foreign saving in order to generate sufficient investment to accelerate economic growth. This was explained by

- A) The Solo Model
- B) The Harrod-Domar Model
- C) The Sen Model
- D) The Joan Model

25. The concept of PQLI was contributed by

- A) Morris D Morris
- B) Meier G M
- C) Dorner
- D) Muqbul ul Huq

26. Consider the following statements:

Assertion (A): The LDC governments must inevitably assume an active responsibility for the future well being of their countries.

Reason (R): Such governments are not preoccupied with problems of debts and deficits as well as poverty, population explosion, unemployment, etc.

Choose the correct option:

- A) Both A and R are correct and R is correct explanation of A
- B) Both A and R are correct but R is NOT correct explanation of A
- C) A is correct but R is wrong
- D) A is wrong but R is correct

27. For the given statement I and II, choose the correct option:

Statement - I: Trade can help countries by promoting those sectors of the economy which does not possess a comparative advantage.

Statement - II: Trade promotes greater international and domestic equality by equalising factor prices and raising real income of trading countries.

Choose the correct option:

- A) Both statements I and II are correct.
- B) Both statements I and II are wrong.
- C) Statement I is correct but statement II is wrong.
- D) Statement I is wrong but statement II is correct.

28. An annual average natural population growth rate in the economically developed countries is

- A) 1.9%
- B) 1%
- C) 0.1%
- D) 2.5%

29. Ginni coefficient is an aggregate inequality measure. Which one is correct?

- I. Ginni coefficient can have a value between 0 to 2
- II. 0 signifies perfect inequality
- III. 1 signifies perfect inequality
- IV. 2 signifies perfect equality

Choose the correct combination:

- A) Only I is correct.
- B) Only I and III are correct.
- C) Only II and IV are correct.
- D) Only III is correct.

30. The traditional neoclassical growth theories asserts that the output growth results from

- I. Increase in labour quantity
- II. Increase in labour quality
- III. Increase in capital
- IV. Improvement in technology

Choose the correct combination:

- A) All I, II, III and IV are correct.
- B) Only I, II and III are correct.
- C) Only I, II and IV are correct.
- D) Only I, III and IV are correct.

31. Consider the following statements:

Assertion (A): The immediate cause of international trade is the difference in relative commodity prices in the two countries

Reason (R): Difference in relative commodity prices does not arise due to differences in factor prices.

Choose the correct option:

- A) Both A and R are correct and R is correct explanation of A
- B) Both A and R are correct but R is NOT correct explanation of A
- C) A is correct but R is wrong
- D) A is wrong but R is correct

32. Match the following.

List - I

- 1. Heckscher - Ohlin
- 2. Adam Smith
- 3. David Ricardo
- 4. Williams

List - II

- i. Absolute Cost Advantage Theory
- ii. Comparative Cost Advantage Theory
- iii. Vent for Surplus Theory
- iv. Factor Price Equalisation Theory

Choose the correct match:

- A) 1- ii, 2- iv, 3- i and 4- iii
- B) 1- iv, 2- i, 3- ii and 4- iii
- C) 1- ii, 2- i, 3- iv and 4- iii
- D) 1- iv, 2- i, 3- iii and 4- ii

33. Which one of the following is NOT a disequilibrium in Balance of Payments?

- A) Cyclical Disequilibrium
- B) Secular Disequilibrium
- C) Floating Disequilibrium
- D) Structural Disequilibrium

34. For the given statement I and II, choose the correct option:

Statement - I: Under the flexible exchange rate system, the exchange rates are not assessed through the forward market.

Statement - II: Under the flexible exchange rate system, the problem of scarcity or surplus of any one currency is automatically solved.

Choose the correct option:

- A) Both statements I and II are correct.
- B) Both statements I and II are wrong.
- C) Statement I is correct but statement II is wrong
- D) Statement I is wrong but statement II is correct.

35. Following statements are given about the Custom Unions:

- I. It induces rapid technological advancement
- II. It generates economies of scale and accelerate the rate of growth of member countries
- III. It increases competitiveness among member countries
- IV. A custom Union between developing countries and developed countries are always advocated

Choose the correct combination:

- A) All I, II, III and IV are correct.
- B) Only I, II and III are correct.
- C) Only I, II and IV are correct.
- D) Only I, III and IV are correct.

36. Which of the following is true about imposition of Tariff on imports by a country?

- A) It brings disequilibrium in BOP through an expansion of foreign trade.
- B) The level of employment rises
- C) It encourages the advantages of expanding world trade
- D) Domestic production falls significantly

37. P_f , P_d and ER are foreign price index, domestic price index and normal exchange rate respectively. The real exchange rate is defined as
- $(P_f \times P_d)/ER$
 - $ER/(P_f - P_d)$
 - $(ER + P_f)/P_d$
 - $(ER \times P_f)/P_d$
38. The advantages of fixed exchange rate are given below. Which one of the following is **NOT true**?
- Fixed exchange rates reduces speculation activities
 - Fixed exchange rates helps in internal economic stabilisation.
 - Fixed exchange rates causes increase in domestic money supply.
 - Fixed exchange rates ensures certainty and promote international trade.
39. Savings rate of India is
- 30%
 - 38%
 - 25%
 - 21%
40. The rate at which RBI borrows money from commercial banks is known as
- Bank rate
 - Repo rate
 - Reverse Repo rate
 - Discount rate
41. The High-powered money comprises
- Cash deposits of banks+ currency held by public
 - Currency in circulation + banker's deposits with RBI + other deposits with RBI
 - Currency in circulation + other deposits with RBI
 - Currency in circulation + Time deposits with banks + cash reserves of banks.
42. The biggest component of reserve money in India is
- Time deposits with banks
 - Treasury bills
 - Currency in circulation
 - Other deposits with RBI
43. RBI increases Cash Reserve Ratio (CRR). This means
- The Union Government will have less money to lend
 - The commercial banks will have less money to lend
 - The commercial banks will have more money to lend
 - RBI will have less money to lend

44. The interest rate charged by the RBI on loans provided to commercial banks for longer duration without collateral is called
- A) Repo rate
 - B) Bank rate
 - C) Reverse repo rate
 - D) Forward Rate
45. How does the Stolper-Samuelson theorem link changes in goods prices to factor prices?
- A) A change in a good's price has no impact on the price of factors of production.
 - B) An increase in a good's price raises the real returns of factors used intensively in its production and reduces the returns to other factors.
 - C) An increase in a good's price reduces the real returns of factors used intensively in its production.
 - D) An increase in a good's price increases the real returns of factors that are not used intensively in its production.
46. Margin requirement is specified under which instrument of monetary policy?
- A) Variable reserve ratio
 - B) Statutory liquidity requirement
 - C) Selective credit control
 - D) Open market operations
47. Which one of the following taxes given below is also popularly called "destination tax"?
- A) GST
 - B) Estate duty
 - C) Corporation tax
 - D) Customs Tariff
48. Total remittances sent back to India by Indians working abroad in 2024-25 (according to RBI report) is _____.
- A) 135.46 billion \$
 - B) 125.41 billion \$
 - C) 150.25 billion \$
 - D) 141.26 billion \$

49. Match the following economists with their noted work

List - I

1. Mahboob-ul-Haq
2. Amartya Sen
3. Jagdish Bhagwati
4. Reinhart and Rogoff

List - II

- i. Debt/GDP ratio
- ii. Free Trade today
- iii. Human Development Index (HDI)
- iv. Social choice theory

Choose the correct match:

- A) 1- iii, 2-iv, 3-i, 4- ii
- B) 1-iii, 2-iv, 3-ii, 4- i
- C) 1- i, 2-iii, 3- iv, 4- ii
- D) 1- i, 2-ii, 3-iii, 4- iv

50. The density of population in India (number of people /Sq.km) in August 2025 is _____.

- A) 640
- B) 316
- C) 723
- D) 492

51. Which is the fastest growing large economy in the G 20 group?

- A) China
- B) Japan
- C) India
- D) Germany

52. The paretian condition for a public good is that:

- A) Its marginal social benefit (MSB) should be greater than marginal social cost (MSC).
- B) Its marginal social benefit (MSB) should be less than marginal social cost (MSC).
- C) Its marginal social benefit (MSB) should be equal to marginal social cost (MSC).
- D) Marginal social benefit (MSB) should be divided by marginal social cost (MSC).

53. Who among the following has been awarded the Nobel Prize in Economics "for analysis of markets with asymmetric information" ?

- A) George Akerlof
- B) Kenneth Arrow
- C) Paul Krugman
- D) Richard Thaler

54. How many people are benefited from the world's largest food distribution program, the "PMGKY" in India?
- A) 1120 million
 - B) 800 million
 - C) 980 million
 - D) 1270 million
55. The extreme poverty head count in India (those earning 3\$ a day) has dropped between 2011 to 2022 _____.
- A) From 27.1% to 5.3%
 - B) From 29.3% to 6.5%
 - C) From 31% to 8.2%
 - D) From 25.3% to 4.5%
56. In international trade which among the following is best measure of terms of trade?
- A) The export price index divided by the import price index.
 - B) The import price index divided by the export price index.
 - C) The ratio of total export value to total import value.
 - D) The average price of goods and services traded internationally.
57. The concept of X-inefficiency was introduced by
- A) Baumol
 - B) Kenneth Arrow
 - C) Harvey Leibenstein
 - D) Amartya Sen
58. Which country is the largest exporter of Rice in the Global Rice market now?
- A) China
 - B) Indonesia
 - C) India
 - D) USA

59. According to Coase theorem presence of external costs in production refers to which of the following:
- A) Government intervention in market to have efficient output level.
 - B) Under certain conditions, private parties can reach to efficient solution without government involvement.
 - C) Private sector can negotiate to produce at a level where consumer willingness to pay for good is zero.
 - D) In higher transaction cost only private sector is able to produce efficient level of output.
60. To estimate the "existence value" of a remote/unvisited wilderness area which among the following methods is most suitable?
- A) Defensive expenditure method.
 - B) Hedonic pricing method.
 - C) Contingent valuation method.
 - D) Cost of illness method.
61. Minimum Support Price (MSP) for agricultural commodities are fixed after taking into account the recommendations of
- A) Ministry of Agriculture
 - B) NITI Ayog
 - C) Ministry of Food processing
 - D) Commission for Agricultural Costs and Prices (CACP)
62. Mention the crops where in the green revolution has been most successful.
- A) Pulses and Rice
 - B) Rice and Wheat
 - C) Wheat and sugar cane
 - D) Tea and Wheat
63. Make in India initiative under its 2.0 phase concentrates on
- A) 27 sectors involving 15 manufacturing and 12 service sectors
 - B) 25 sectors involving 14 manufacturing and 11 service sectors
 - C) 30 sectors involving 15 each in both the sectors
 - D) 32 sectors involving 16 each in both sectors

64. Due to Economic reforms in 1991 in India
- The market rate exchange system was implemented in 1991
 - Substantial changes in the industrial licensing policy were undertaken
 - Phasing out deficit financing was done
 - Major PSUs were privatised in 1991-92
65. In the Union Budget of 2025, the fiscal deficit is estimated to be (as % of GDP)
- 4.4
 - 6.6
 - 7.7
 - 5.6
66. When expenses of the government for the period are higher than the actual revenue it is known as
- Revenue deficit
 - Budget deficit
 - Fiscal deficit
 - Balance of payments deficit
67. Which one of the following item is **NOT** covered by GST till now?
- Textiles
 - Aviation Turbine Fuel (ATF)
 - Medicines
 - Automobiles
68. **Consider the following statements:**
- Assertion (A):** Petroleum and diesel prices are different in different states in India till now.
- Reason (R):** There is no unanimity till now among all the states to allow petroleum products to be covered by GST.
- Choose the correct option:**
- Both (A) and (R) are correct and R is the correct explanation for A
 - (A) is correct but (R) incorrect and R is not the correct explanation for A
 - Both (A) and (R) are incorrect
 - (A) is incorrect and (R) is correct
69. **Consider the following statements.**
- Revenue deficit measures the inability of the government to meet its regular needs of expenditure like salaries, pensions etc.
 - The government can control the revenue deficit by increasing the tax and non-tax revenue resources.
- Choose the correct option:**
- Both I and II are incorrect
 - I is correct but II is incorrect
 - Both I and II are correct
 - I is incorrect but II is correct

70. The following items of government expenditure constitute revenue expenditure

- I. Interest payments on internal and external loans
- II. Salaries, pensions and provident Fund
- III. Infrastructure and irrigation network
- IV. Subsidies and Law and order

Choose the correct combination:

- A) I, II and IV
- B) II, III and IV
- C) I, II and III
- D) I, III and IV

71. Match the following

List - I

- 1. Transfer expenditure
- 2. Wagner's Law
- 3. Wiseman-Peacock Hypothesis
- 4. Displacement effect

List - II

- i. Movement of public expenditure from a lower to a higher level
- ii. Public expenditure increases in jerks or step like fashion
- iii. Increasing public expenditure
- iv. Old age pensions and unemployment benefits

Choose the correct option:

- A) 1-iv, 2-iii, 3-ii, 4-i
- B) 1-iii, 2-i, 3-iv, 4-ii
- C) 1-ii, 2-iv, 3-iii, 4-i
- D) 1-i, 2-ii, 3-iii, 4-iv

72. The analysis of variance is carried out by using

- A) Student t-test
- B) Z- test
- C) F-test
- D) Large sample test

73. In regression analysis which of the following tests is used to test the significance of the regression coefficient?

- A) F-test
- B) t-test
- C) Chi-square test
- D) Z-test

74. Which one of the following is **NOT** a sampling distribution?
- A) Student t-distribution
 - B) Poisson distribution
 - C) Chi-square distribution
 - D) F-distribution
75. Type I error is committed when we
- A) Accept Null-hypothesis when its true
 - B) Reject Null-hypothesis when its false
 - C) Reject null-hypothesis when its true
 - D) Accept Null-hypothesis when its false
76. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
- A) Normal distribution is a symmetric distribution
 - B) The coefficient of correlation can be more than 2
 - C) Student t-distribution was given by William Gosset
 - D) Binomial distribution is symmetrical if $p=q=0.5$
77. For testing the association of attributes, which sampling test is used?
- A) F-test
 - B) student's t-test
 - C) Chi-square test
 - D) Z-test
78. What are the numerical limits of a Correlation Coefficient (r)?
- A) $-2 \leq r \leq -3$
 - B) $-1 \leq r \leq +1$
 - C) $+1 \leq r \leq -1$
 - D) $-1 \geq r \geq +1$
79. The level of significance is the probability of committing
- A) Type I error
 - B) Type II error
 - C) Type III error
 - D) Type IV error
80. If a scatter diagram is drawn and if all the points form a straight line, it is an indication of
- A) Skewed distribution
 - B) Partial correlation
 - C) Perfect correlation
 - D) Zero correlation

81. Coefficient of determination is defined as
- A) r
 - B) r^2
 - C) $1-r^2$
 - D) $-r^2$
82. In the presence of heteroscedasticity, which one is true?
- A) The OLS estimators are biased
 - B) The OLS estimators are linear unbiased estimators
 - C) The OLS estimators are not consistent
 - D) The OLS estimators are of minimum variance
83. The stationarity of a time series can be examined in various ways. Which of the following is **NOT** one of these?
- A) Correlogram Analysis
 - B) Graphical Analysis
 - C) Base Analysis
 - D) Unit Root Analysis
84. Which one of the following is **NOT** correct about Multicollinearity?
- A) High pairwise correlation
 - B) High R^2 but few significant t ratios
 - C) The coefficients in auxiliary regressions are significant
 - D) The OLS estimators and their standard errors can not be sensitive to small changes in the data
85. Adjusted R^2 (that is $\bar{R}^2$) is defined as
- A) $(n-1)/(n+k) \times R^2$
 - B) $(n+1)/(n-k) \times R^2$
 - C) $(n-1)/(n-k) \times R^2$
 - D) $(n+1)/(n+k) \times R^2$
86. The data sets for regression purposes can be
- I. Cross sectional Data
 - II. Time series Data
 - III. Parallel Data
 - IV. Pooled Cross Section Data
- Choose the correct combination:**
- A) All I, II, III and IV are correct.
 - B) Only I, II and III are correct.
 - C) Only I, II and IV are correct.
 - D) Only I, III and IV are correct.

87. What is **NOT** true for Set analysis?

- A) If all the elements of a set X are also elements of a set Y then X is a subset of Y
- B) The empty set is written as μ
- C) A set W comprising only the common elements of two sets X and Y can be written as $W = X \cap Y$
- D) The complement of a set X is the set of elements of the universal set U that are not elements of set X

88. The first derivative of an exponential function $Y = e^x$ is:

- A) e^x
- B) $x e^{x-1}$
- C) e^{x-1}
- D) $1/e^x$

89. The market demand curve is $Q_d = 12 - 2P$. The elasticity of demand at price $P = 3$ is given as:

- A) -1
- B) +1
- C) -2
- D) +2

90. The Paris agreement aims to limit Global warming to below

- A) 1.5°C or 2°C pre-industrial levels
- B) 3°C above pre-industrial levels
- C) 5°C above pre-industrial levels
- D) No temperature target

91. The term carbon neutrality means:

- A) Zero carbon emissions from the beginning
- B) Balancing emitted carbon with carbon removal
- C) Stopping all fossil fuel use immediately
- D) Using only renewable energy

92. Which of the following are economic tools to control Pollution?

- I. Tradable Permits
- II. Smithian Fees
- III. Pigouvian Fees
- IV. Principal Agent Fees

Choose the correct combination:

- A) Only I and II
- B) Only II and III
- C) Only III and IV
- D) Only I and III

93. The "J&K Trade and Export Policy, 2018-28" aims to achieve the following objectives:

- I. To enhance domestic trade volume by five times from the existing level at present in next 10 years
- II. To move more speedily towards transformation of its role from 'regulator' to 'facilitator' and from enabler to performer for the Trade and Commerce sector.
- III. To encourage, promote and facilitate more investment in enterprises and build a strong, responsive and vibrant business environment in the State.
- IV. To recognize the significant role of distribution of goods and services in generation of employment, the Government shall endeavor to increase the share of Trade and Commerce in GDP by at least 3% in next ten years and to add to per capita income of the State.

Choose the correct option:

- A) I, II and III are correct
- B) I, III and IV are correct
- C) I and III are correct
- D) I, II and IV are correct

94. Which of the following best describes greenwashing?

- A) Washing clothes with eco-friendly detergent
- B) Misleading consumers about environmental practices
- C) Recycling industrial waste
- D) Planting more trees

95. Which UN framework guides businesses to align strategies with sustainable development?
- A) Kyoto Protocol
 - B) Basel Accords
 - C) Doha Round
 - D) UN Global Compact
96. The Nominal Gross State Domestic Product(GSDP) of J&K in 2024-25 is approximately estimated to be:
- A) Rs. 2.65 lakh crore
 - B) Rs. 1.12 lakh crore
 - C) Rs. 4.1 lakh crore
 - D) Rs. 3.97 lakh crore
97. As per the Jammu and Kashmir Industrial Policy 2021-30, which of the following statement(s) is/are correct with regard to 'Sanction of Incentives under Jammu & Kashmir Package'?
- I. All the incentives under the Jammu & Kashmir Package up to Rs 5.00 lakhs shall be sanctioned and disbursed by the concerned General Manager.
 - II. The incentives above Rs 5.00 lakhs and up to 50.00 lakhs shall be sanctioned by the District Level Committee of respective District.
 - III. The incentives above Rs 50.00 lakhs shall be sanctioned by the Divisional Level Committee of Department of Industries and Commerce, Jammu/Kashmir.
- Choose the correct option:**
- A) I, II and III are correct
 - B) I and II are correct
 - C) I and III are correct
 - D) Only I is correct
98. The Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP) of Jammu and Kashmir for the year 2022-23 was estimated at Rs 2,27,927 crore. The financial year 2023-24 registered a growth of _____ in GSDP growth over the year 2022-23.

Choose the correct option:

- A) 7.3%
- B) 7.4%
- C) 7.5%
- D) 7.6%

99. As per classical theory of interest, the rate of interest is determined by the:

- A) Demand and supply for money.
- B) Demand for capital and supply of savings.
- C) Demand for money and price level.
- D) Demand for investment and the supply of money.

100. Consider the following statements regarding Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi (PM-KISAN) scheme:

- I. Union Minister for Agriculture, Farmers' Welfare, and Rural Development, Shri Shivraj Singh Chouhan on 7.10.2025 released in advance the 20th installment of the Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi (PM-KISAN) scheme for flood and landslide-affected farmers of Jammu and Kashmir.
- II. Under this installment, Rs.171 crore has been directly transferred to the bank accounts of 8.55 lakh farmers, including 85,418 women farmers.
- III. With this, farmers in Jammu and Kashmir have received a cumulative assistance of Rs. 3,052 crore under PM-KISAN so far.

Choose the correct option:

- A) Only I is correct.
 - B) Only II is correct.
 - C) I and II are correct.
 - D) I, II and III are correct.
-

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Booklet Serial No. **365541**

Test Booklet Series

**TEST BOOKLET
LECTURER - (10+2)
HISTORY
WRITTEN TEST - 2025
(63)**

A

Time Allowed: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

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2. Please note that it is the candidate's responsibility to encode and fill in the Roll Number and Test Booklet Series Code A, B, C or D carefully and without any omission or discrepancy at the appropriate places in the OMR Answer /Response Sheet. Any omission/discrepancy will render the Response Sheet liable for rejection.
3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside.
DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
4. This Test booklet contains **100** items (questions). Each item comprises of four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet/Response Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose **ONLY ONE** response for each item.
5. You have to mark all your responses **ONLY** on the separate Answer /Response Sheet provided. See directions in the Response Sheet.
6. **All** items carry equal marks.
7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer /Response Sheet, the response to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer /Response Sheet as per instructions sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
8. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Response Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the Invigilator **only the Answer /Response Sheet**. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet and **Candidate's Copy of the Response Sheet**.
9. Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.
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THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY THE CANDIDATE IN THE WRITTEN TEST (OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS PAPERS).
 - (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **(0.25)** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
 - (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a **wrong answer** even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above for that question.
 - (iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be **no penalty** for that question.

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

1. Consider the following statements about Gandhi's economic and social philosophy:
- I. He rejected industrialisation as incompatible with swaraj.
 - II. He located the moral foundation of economy in self-restraint and trusteeship.
 - III. He was influenced by Ruskin and Tolstoy's moral economics.
 - IV. He viewed the capitalist state as a necessary transition to village republics.

Choose the correct option:

- A) I, II and III
- B) I and III only
- C) II and IV only
- D) I, II, III and IV

2. Match the following texts with their descriptions:

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| i. Rigveda | 1. Ritual formulas |
| ii. Samaveda | 2. Collection of hymns for singing |
| iii. Yajurveda | 3. Earliest Vedic hymns |
| iv. Atharvaveda | 4. Magical chants and spells |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-3, ii-2, iii-1, iv-4
- B) i-2, ii-3, iii-1, iv-4
- C) i-3, ii-1, iii-4, iv-2
- D) i-2, ii-4, iii-3, iv-1

3. Which of the following were Mahajanapadas?

- I. Magadha
- II. Kalinga
- III. Gandhara
- IV. Avanti

Choose the correct option:

- A) I, II and IV
- B) I, III and IV
- C) III and IV
- D) All

4. Which site is associated with megalithic burials in South India?

- A) Brahmagiri
- B) Kalibangan
- C) Ropar
- D) Hastinapura

5. The capital of the Satavahanas was :

- A) Amaravati
- B) Pratishthana
- C) Ujjain
- D) Pataliputra

6. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : Feudalism in early medieval India led to decentralisation of power.

Reason (R) : Land grants to officials replaced salaried officers.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A and R are true, R explains A
- B) A and R are true, R does not explain A
- C) A is true, R is false
- D) A is false, R is true

7. Match the following archaeological cultures with their characteristics :

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| i. Neolithic Kashmir | 1. Use of painted buff ware |
| ii. Ahar - Banas | 2. Circular pit dwellings |
| iii. Chalcolithic Maharastra | 3. Black - and - red ware |
| iv. Harappan sites in Gujarat. | 4. Urban planning with dockyard |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv -4
- B) i-2, ii-1, iii-3, iv-4
- C) i-3, ii-4, iii-2, iv-1
- D) i-3, ii-4, iii-1, iv-2

8. Which river is associated with the Later Vedic shift in geographical focus?

- A) Yamuna
- B) Sindhu
- C) Saraswati
- D) Ganga

9. Which Sangam texts are considered important for understanding polity and warfare?

- I. Tolkappiyam
- II. Purananuru
- III. Akananuru
- IV. Pattinappalai

Choose the right option:

- A) III and IV
- B) II and IV
- C) I and II
- D) I and III

10. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A): Indo - Greek coins are significant for Indian numismatics.

Reason (R) : They show inscriptions in Prakrit and Tamil.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A is true, R is false
- B) A is true, R is true but not related
- C) A is false, R is true
- D) Both A and R are true and related

11. Which Gupta ruler is associated with the Allahabad Prashasti?

- A) Chandragupta I
- B) Chandragupta II
- C) Samudragupta
- D) Skandagupta

12. Which were the features of Gupta administration?

- I. Hereditary officers
- II. Decentralised power
- III. Structured taxation
- IV. Decline of coinage

Choose the right option:

- A) I and III
- B) I, II and III
- C) II and IV
- D) All

13. Match the following authors with their works:

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| i. Banabhatta | 1. Harshacharita |
| ii. Kalidasa | 2. Mudrarakshasa |
| iii. Dandin | 3. Dasakumaracharita |
| iv. Vishakhadatta | 4. Meghaduta |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-1, ii-4, iii-3, iv-2
- B) i-4, ii-1, iii-3, iv-2
- C) i-3, ii-2, iii-4, iv-1
- D) i-3, ii-4, iii-2, iv-1

14. Who convened the Kanauj Assembly for Chinese pilgrim Xuanzang?

- A) Harshavardhana
- B) Kumaragupta
- C) Bhaskaravarman
- D) Pulakesin II

15. Which of the following indicate the decline of trade in post - Gupta period?

- I. Debasement of coinage
- II. Decline of Roman imports
- III. Urban decay
- IV. Rise of Bhakti poetry

Choose the correct option:

- A) II and III
- B) I, II and III
- C) I and II
- D) All

16. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : The Chola naval expeditions impacted Southeast Asia.

Reason (R) : The Cholas sought trade dominance in the Bay of Bengal.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A and R are true, and R explains A
- B) A and R are true, but R does not explain A
- C) A is true, R is false
- D) A is false, R is true

17. Which of the following best defines Indian feudalism in the early medieval phase?

- A) Direct taxation by the king
- B) Collective land ownership
- C) Transfer of revenue rights and administrative powers
- D) Monopoly of trade guilds

18. Who was the founder of the Mamluk dynasty in India?

- A) Iltutmish
- B) Balban
- C) Qutb - ud - din - Aibak
- D) Razia Sultana

19. Which rulers were part of the Delhi Sultanate?

- I. Qutb - ud - din Aibak
- II. Alauddin Khalji
- III. Babur
- IV. Ibrahim Lodi

Choose the correct option:

- A) I, II and IV
- B) II, III and IV
- C) I, II and III
- D) I, III and IV

20. Which were important features of Sher Shah Suri's administration?

- I. Revenue measurement system
- II. Police system
- III. Persian language policy
- IV. Use of Iqta system

Choose the correct option:

- A) I, II and III
- B) II, III and IV
- C) I, III and IV
- D) I, II and IV

21. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : Akbar abolished the Jizya tax.

Reason (R) : He aimed to strengthen Islamic orthodoxy.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A is true, R is true, R explains A
- B) A is true, R is false
- C) A is false, R is true
- D) Both are false

22. Match the rulers and contributions :

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| i. Firuz Shah Tughlaq | 1. Waterworks and canals |
| ii. Alauddin Khalji | 2. Market control |
| iii. Sher Shah Suri | 3. Road construction |
| iv. Akbar | 4. Din - i Ilahi |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-2, ii-1, iii-3, iv-4
- B) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4
- C) i-2, ii-3, iii-1, iv-4
- D) i-3, ii-1, iii-2, iv-4

23. Who was the founder of the Vijayanagara Empire?

- A) Harihara I and Bukka
- B) Krishnadevaraya
- C) Ramachandra Raya
- D) Ballala II

24. The 'drain theory' as advanced by Dadabhai Naoroji was not merely an economic argument but a critique of:

- A) Industrial capitalism as a global system
- B) The moral legitimacy of British rule in India
- C) The zamindari mode of revenue extraction
- D) The inefficiency of the East India Company

25. Which were key elements of Mughal administration?

- I. Mansabdari system
- II. Iqta system
- III. Subah and Sarkar divisions
- IV. Jagirdari system

Choose the correct option:

- A) I, II and III
- B) I, III and IV
- C) II, III and IV
- D) All

26. Which battle marked the beginning of Mughal rule in India?

- A) Battle of Khanwa
- B) First Battle of Panipat
- C) Battle of Chausa
- D) Second Battle of Panipat

27. Match the Sufi saints with their orders:

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| i. Muhammad Ghawth Gwaliyari | 1. Naqshbandi |
| ii. Nizamuddin Auliya | 2. Shattari |
| iii. Bahauddin Zakariya | 3. Chishti |
| iv. Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi | 4. Suhrawardi |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-2, ii-1, iii-3, iv-4
- B) i-3, ii-4, iii-2, iv-1
- C) i-2, ii-3, iii-4, iv-1
- D) i-4, ii-1, iii-3, iv-2

28. Who introduced the market regulation system?

- A) Iltutmish
- B) Firoz Shah
- C) Alauddin Khalji
- D) Balban

29. Which Mughal emperors wrote their own memoirs?

- I. Babur
- II. Akbar
- III. Jahangir
- IV. Shah Jahan

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and III
- B) II and III
- C) II and IV
- D) I and II

30. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : Shivaji's administration had elements of decentralisation.

Reason (R) : He allowed autonomous regional satraps.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A is true, R is true, R explains A
- B) A is true, R is false
- C) A is false, R is true
- D) Both are false

31. Which emperor invited Jesuit missionaries to his court?

- A) Babur
- B) Akbar
- C) Jahangir
- D) Shah Jahan

32. Which aspects define the Mansabdari system?

- I. Dual rank (zat and sawar)
- II. Hereditary posts
- III. Paid via jagirs
- IV. Based on tribal loyalty

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and III
- B) I, II and III
- C) III and IV
- D) I only

33. Consider the following statements regarding the Permanent Settlement of Bengal (1793):

- I. It legally fixed the land revenue demand of the state in perpetuity.
- II. It converted the zamindars into absolute proprietors of land.
- III. It was inspired by the Physiocratic theory of French political economy.
- IV. It led to a significant expansion of agricultural productivity in the short term.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- A) I, II and IV
- B) I, II and III
- C) I and III only
- D) I only

34. Match the following cultural forms with regions :

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| i. Kathak | 1. Tamil Nadu |
| ii. Yakshagana | 2. North India |
| iii. Sufiana Kalam | 3. Karnataka |
| iv. Bharatanatyam | 4. Kashmir |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4
- B) i-4, ii-3, iii-2, iv-1
- C) i-2, ii-3, iii-4, iv-1
- D) i-3, ii-2, iii-1, iv-4

35. Which among the following were early moderate leaders in INC?

- I. Dadabhai Naoroji
- II. Gopal Krishna Gokhale
- III. Surendranath Banerjee
- IV. Bipin Chandra Pal

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and III
- B) I, II and III
- C) II, III and IV
- D) All

36. Jawaharlal Nehru's 'Discovery of India' can best be seen as:

- A) A romantic search for ancient roots
- B) A nationalist response to colonial epistemology
- C) A Marxist history of Indian civilisation
- D) A Gandhian manifesto for non-violence

37. Match the Acts with their outcomes :

- | | |
|---------------------------|---|
| i. Regulating Act 1773 | 1. Governor - General of Bengal |
| ii. Pitt's India Act 1784 | 2. Board of Control |
| iii. Charter Act 1813 | 3. End of East India Co. trade monopoly |
| iv. Charter Act 1833 | 4. Governor - General of India |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-4, ii-2, iii-3, iv-1
- B) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4
- C) i-3, ii-4, iii-1, iv-2
- D) i-2, ii-1, iii-4, iv-3

38. Who introduced the Permanent Settlement in Bengal?

- A) Lord Wellesley
- B) Warren Hastings
- C) Lord Cornwallis
- D) John Shore

39. Which were features of British colonial economic policy?

- I. Deindustrialisation
- II. Promotion of handicrafts
- III. Commercialisation of agriculture
- IV. Drain of wealth

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and IV
- B) II and III
- C) I, III and IV
- D) All of the above

40. Match the social reformers and their movements :

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| i. Raja Rammohan Roy | 1. Arya Samaj |
| ii. Swami Dayanand | 2. Brahmo Samaj |
| iii. Syed Ahmed Khan | 3. Aligarh Movement |
| iv. Annie Besant | 4. Theosophical Society |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4
- B) i-3, ii-2, iii-4, iv-1
- C) i-4, ii-2, iii-3, iv-1
- D) i-2, ii-1, iii-3, iv-4

41. The land settlement under Walter R. Lawrence (1889-1895) is important in Kashmir's history because it:

- A) Reintroduced the jagirdari system for efficient taxation.
- B) Provided a systematic record of land, crops, and rights of cultivators, reducing arbitrary revenue collection.
- C) Abolished the shawl industry monopoly of the Dogra state.
- D) Transferred ownership of land to British officers.

42. Which were outcomes of the 1857 Revolt?

- I. End of East India Company's rule in India
- II. Queen's Proclamation
- III. Introduction of India's first written constitution
- IV. Doctrine of Lapse was abolished

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and II
- B) I, II and III
- C) II and IV
- D) I, II and IV

43. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : The Non - Cooperation Movement saw withdrawal by Congress.

Reason (R) : Gandhi withdrew it due to the Chauri Chaura incident.

Choose the correct option :

- A) A is true, R is true, R explains A
- B) A is true, R is false
- C) A is false, R is true
- D) Both are false

44. The Bandung Conference of 1955 was historically significant primarily because:
- A) It marked the formal foundation of the Non-Aligned Movement.
 - B) It demonstrated the attempt of postcolonial states to articulate an alternative moral order in international politics.
 - C) It signalled Asia's alignment with the Soviet bloc in the Cold War.
 - D) It focused exclusively on economic aid and trade between the West and the Third World.

45. Which Commission was opposed by Indians because of no Indian representation?

- A) Nehru Committee
- B) Cripps Mission
- C) Simon Commission
- D) Cabinet Mission

46. Which were outcomes of the Government of India Act, 1935?

- I. Federal structure
- II. Provincial autonomy
- III. Diarchy at centre
- IV. Complete independence

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and II
- B) I, II and III
- C) II and III
- D) I, II and IV

47. Match the colonial legislation with its historical impact

Column - A

- i. Woods' Despatch (1854)
- ii. Hunter Commission (1882)
- iii. Indian Universities Act (1904)
- iv. Saddler Commission (1917-19)

Column - B

- 1. Foundation of modern education policy in India
- 2. Expansion of primary and vernacular education
- 3. Centralised control over universities
- 4. Comprehensive review of higher education reforms

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-2, ii-3, iii-4, iv-1
- B) i-3, ii-4, iii-1, iv-2
- C) i-4, ii-1, iii-3, iv-2
- D) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4

48. Which immediate challenges emerged in post World War - 1 Indian politics?

- I. Economic distress
- II. Jallianwala Bagh Incident
- III. Khilafat movement
- IV. Government of India Act, 1935

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and II
- B) I, II and III
- C) II and IV
- D) I, II and IV

49. Who led the Ghadar Movement?

- A) Lala Lajpat Rai
- B) Rashbehari Bose
- C) Sohan Singh Bhakna
- D) Subhas Bose

50. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : Gandhi gave call for Quit India in 1942.

Reason (R) : Cripps Mission's failure frustrated Indian hopes.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A is true, R is true, R explains A
- B) A is true, R is false
- C) A is false, R is true
- D) Both are false

51. Match key documents with dates :

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------|
| i. Cabinet Mission | 1. 1942 |
| ii. Cripps Mission | 2. 1946 |
| iii. Indian Independence Act | 3. 1947 |
| iv. Rowlatt Act | 4. 1944 |
| | 5. 1919 |

Choose the correct option :

- A) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-5
- B) i-3, ii-4, iii-2, iv-1
- C) i-4, ii-2, iii-3, iv-1
- D) i-2, ii-1, iii-3, iv-5

52. The Treaty of Amritsar (1846) was signed between the British and :

- A) Gulab Singh
- B) Ranjit Singh
- C) Ranbir Singh
- D) Hari Singh

53. Which of the following are early religious traditions in Kashmir?

- I. Naga worship
- II. Buddhism
- III. Jainism
- IV. Vaishnavism

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and II
- B) I, II and III
- C) II and IV
- D) I, II and IV

54. Which dynasty built the Martand Sun Temple?

- A) Karkota
- B) Utpala
- C) Lohara
- D) Shah Mir

55. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : Kalhana's Rajatarangini is a major literary source on early Kashmir.

Reason (R) : It was written during the Mughal period.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A is true, R is true, R explains A
- B) A is true, R is false
- C) A is false, R is true
- D) Both are false

56. Match the dynasties with rulers:

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| i. Karkotas | 1. Ranbir Singh |
| ii. Utpala | 2. Avantivarman |
| iii. Loharas | 3. Harsha |
| iv. Dogras | 4. Lalitaditya |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-2, ii-4, iii-3, iv-1
- B) i-3, ii-4, iii-2, iv-1
- C) i-4, ii-3, iii-2, iv-1
- D) i-4, ii-2, iii-3, iv-1

57. Which rulers were associated with temple construction in Kashmir?

- I. Lalitaditya
- II. Avantivarman
- III. Zain - ul - Abidin
- IV. Ranbir Singh

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and II
- B) I, II and III
- C) I, II and IV
- D) I, II, III and IV

58. Match the historical sites with locations :

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| i. Martand | 1. Pulwama |
| ii. Avantipura | 2. Anantnag |
| iii. Pandrethan | 3. Baramulla |
| iv. Parihaspora | 4. Srinagar |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4
B) i-3, ii-4, iii-2, iv-1
C) i-2, ii-1, iii-4, iv-3
D) i-4, ii-2, iii-3, iv-1

59. Which Sufi saint founded the Reshi order in Kashmir?

- A) Shah Hamdan
B) Mir Sayyid Ali Hamadani
C) Zain - ul - Abidin
D) Sheikh Noor - ud - din

60. Which poets shaped Kashmir's spiritual ethos?

- I. Lal Ded
II. Habba Khatun
III. Kalhana
IV. Noor Jahan

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and II
B) I, II and III
C) I, II and IV
D) I, II, III and IV

61. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : Zain -ul-Abidin was known as Bud Shah.

Reason (R) : He patronised Sanskrit and Persian scholars equally.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A is true, R is true, R explains A
B) A is true, R is false
C) A is false, R is true
D) Both are false

62. Match the Sultans with contributions :

- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| i. Shams - ud-din | 1. Established Sultanate |
| ii. Sikandar | 2. Political instability |
| iii. Zain-ul-Abidin | 3. Religious tolerance |
| iv. Haidar Shah | 4. Centralisation of power |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4
B) i-3, ii-4, iii-2, iv-1
C) i-1, ii-4, iii-3, iv-2
D) i-4, ii-2, iii-3, iv-1

63. Consider the following statements:

Statement - I : The Delhi Agreement (1952) granted full autonomy to Jammu & Kashmir.

Statement - II : It was signed between Sadar-i-Riyasat Sheikh Abdullah and Prime Minister of India Jawahar Lal Nehru.

Choose the correct option:

- A) Both statements are true
- B) Statement I is true, statement II is false
- C) Statement I is false, statement II is true
- D) Both statements are false

64. The Silk Route trade through Ladakh during the 19th century primarily connected:

- A) Jammu with Gujarat ports
- B) Gilgit with Persia and Mesopotamia
- C) Baltistan with Afghanistan and Bukhara
- D) Kashmir with Xinjiang and Tibet via Leh

65. What were causes for political unrest under the Loharas?

- I. Dynastic instability
- II. Religious persecution
- III. Centralised bureaucracy
- IV. Afghan invasion

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and II
- B) I, II and III
- C) I, II and IV
- D) II, III and IV

66. Which 20th - century manifesto aimed at Kashmiri modernisation?

- A) Poona Pact
- B) Naya Kashmir
- C) Lucknow Pact
- D) Jammu Declaration

67. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion(A) : The Afghan rule is remembered for oppression in Kashmir.

Reason (R) : They promoted Sufism and Reshi philosophy.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A is true, R is true, R explains A
- B) A is true, R is false
- C) A is false, R is true
- D) Both are false

68. The Renaissance first began in :

- A) Germany
- B) France
- C) Italy
- D) England

69. Key causes of the French Revolution included :

- I. Social inequality
- II. Enlightenment ideas
- III. Absolute monarchy
- IV. Industrial revolution

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and II
- B) I, II and III
- C) I, II and IV
- D) II, III and IV

70. Which historian is considered the father of modern objective historiography?

- A) Ibn Khaldun
- B) Herodotus
- C) Leopold von Ranke
- D) E.H. Carr

71. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : Martin Luther criticized the Church for selling indulgences.

Reason (R) : Indulgences were a method to absolve sins through payments.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A is true, R is true, R explains A
- B) A is true, R is false
- C) A is false, R is true
- D) Both are false

72. Match the revolutions and their impacts :

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| i. English | 1. Parliamentary supremacy |
| ii. American | 2. Independence of colonies |
| iii. French | 3. Rise of socialism |
| iv. Russian | 4. End of feudal monarchy |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4
- B) i-3, ii-4, iii-2, iv-1
- C) i-1, ii-2, iii-4, iv-3
- D) i-3, ii-2, iii-4, iv-1

73. Mercantilism promoted :

- A) Free trade
- B) Accumulation of gold and silver
- C) Social equality
- D) Laissez - faire economy

74. Match the scientists with discoveries :

- | | |
|--------------|------------------|
| i. Newton | 1. Gravity |
| ii. Darwin | 2. Germ theory |
| iii. Galileo | 3. Telescope use |
| iv. Pasteur | 4. Evolution |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4
- B) i-3, ii-4, iii-2, iv-1
- C) i-1, ii-4, iii-3, iv-2
- D) i-3, ii-2, iii-4, iv-1

75. The American War of Independence ended with the Treaty of :

- A) Utrecht
- B) Paris
- C) Ghent
- D) Versailles

76. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : The League of Nations failed to prevent WWII.

Reason (R) : It lacked military power and US membership.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A is true, R is true, R explains A
- B) A is true, R is false
- C) A is false, R is true
- D) Both are false

77. Match events and years :

- | | |
|--------------------------|---------|
| i. Russian Revolution | 1. 1917 |
| ii. Treaty of Versailles | 2. 1919 |
| iii. Great Depression | 3. 1929 |
| iv. Pearl Harbor | 4. 1941 |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4
- B) i-3, ii-4, iii-2, iv-1
- C) i-1, ii-4, iii-3, iv-2
- D) i-3, ii-2, iii-4, iv-1

78. Which leader led the unification of Germany?

- A) Napoleon
- B) Bismarck
- C) Garibaldi
- D) Metternich

79. Which were outcomes of WWII?

- I. Formation of UNO
- II. Rise of USA and USSR
- III. End of British Empire
- IV. Collapse of capitalism

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and II
- B) I, II and III
- C) I, II and IV
- D) II, III and IV

80. The establishment of the Praja Sabha in 1934 under Maharaja Hari Singh represented:

- A) The beginning of direct British control over the princely state.
- B) The introduction of universal adult franchise.
- C) An early experiment in limited representative governance under a hereditary monarchy.
- D) The replacement of Dogra rule by a constitutional monarchy.

81. Match concepts and nations :

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| i. Five - Year Plans | 1. USA |
| ii. Cultural Revolution | 2. China |
| iii. Marshall Plan | 3. USSR |
| iv. NATO | 4. Western alliance |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4
- B) i-3, ii-4, iii-2, iv-1
- C) i-1, ii-4, iii-3, iv-2
- D) i-3, ii-2, iii-4, iv-1

82. Which Chinese leader launched the Communist Revolution?

- A) Chiang Kai - shek
- B) Mao Zedong
- C) Deng Xiaoping
- D) Zhou Enlai

83. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : The UN was formed to prevent global wars.

Reason (R) : It succeeded in avoiding all major conflicts

Choose the correct option:

- A) A is true, R is true, R explains A
- B) A is true, R is false
- C) A is false, R is true
- D) Both are false

84. Match thinkers and ideologies :

- i. Karl Marx
- ii. Adam Smith
- iii. John Locke
- iv. Hitler

- 1. Communism
- 2. Liberalism
- 3. Capitalism
- 4. Fascism

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4
- B) i-3, ii-4, iii-2, iv-1
- C) i-1, ii-3, iii-2, iv-4
- D) i-3, ii-2, iii-4, iv-1

85. Features of positivist historiography include :

- I. Empiricism
- II. Use of scientific method
- III. Emphasis on causality
- IV. Emphasis on marginalised voices

Choose the correct option:

- A) II and III
- B) I and II
- C) III and IV
- D) I, II and III

86. Who authored 'What is History'?

- A) Ranajit Guha
- B) Marc Bloch
- C) E.H. Carr
- D) Eric Hobsbawm

87. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : Subaltern Studies aims to rewrite Indian history.

Reason (R) : It focuses on elite political narratives.

Choose the correct option:

- A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is *not* the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- C) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.
- D) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.

88. Key ideas of the Annales School include :

- I. Long - term history (longue durée)
- II. Emphasis on structures
- III. Focus on rulers
- IV. Interdisciplinary methods

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and II
- B) II and IV
- C) I, IV and III
- D) I, II and IV

89. The development of irrigation under Dogra rule in the Jammu plains particularly benefited from:

- A) The Ranbir Canal project drawing water from the Chenab.
- B) The Jhelum Valley hydroelectric project.
- C) British-funded Indus drainage schemes.
- D) The construction of the Dal Canal linking Srinagar to Baramulla.

90. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : Postmodernist historians reject meta - narratives.

Reason (R) : They believe in absolute objectivity.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A is true, R is true, R explains A
- B) A is true, R is false
- C) A is false, R is true
- D) Both are false

91. Who introduced the concept of "history from below" in Indian historiography?

- A) R.C. Majumdar
- B) Romila Thapar
- C) Ranajit Guha
- D) Satish Chandra

92. Which are critiques of colonial historiography?

- I. Eurocentrism
- II. Emphasis on 'civilising mission'
- III. Erasure of indigenous agency
- IV. Focus on peasant movements

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and II
- B) I, II and III
- C) I, II and IV
- D) II, III and IV

93. Consider the following Statements:

Assertion (A) : History writing is influenced by the historian's context.

Reason (R) : Complete neutrality in historical analysis is often unattainable.

Choose the correct option:

- A) A is true, R is true, R explains A
- B) A is true, R is false
- C) A is false, R is true
- D) Both are false

94. Which school emphasizes the history of mentalities (histoire des mentalités)?

- A) Marxist
- B) Annales
- C) Positivist
- D) Subaltern

95. Which historians are associated with Marxist history of India?

- I. Irfan Habib
- II. Romila Thapar
- III. Jadunath Sarkar
- IV. R.S. Sharma

Choose the correct option:

- A) I and II
- B) I, II and III
- C) I, II and IV
- D) II, III and IV

96. Match the historians and their works :

- | | |
|--------------------|---|
| i. D.D. Kosambi | 1. Early India |
| ii. Romila Thapar | 2. An Introduction to the Study of Indian History |
| iii. R.C. Majumdar | 3. History and culture of Indian People |
| iv. Irfan Habib | 4. The Agrarian System of Mughal India |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4
- B) i-2, ii-1, iii-3, iv-4
- C) i-3, ii-2, iii-1, iv-4
- D) i-4, ii-3, iii-2, iv-1

97. Who said, "History is a dialogue between past and present"?

- A) Hegel
- B) Marc Bloch
- C) E.H. Carr
- D) Herodotus

98. Which of the followings was/were the feature(s) of the Chola administration:

- I. Ur assemblies
- II. Mandalam
- III. Nadu system
- IV. Bhukti and vishaya divisions

Choose the correct option from the code given below:

- A) I and III
- B) I, II and III
- C) I and IV
- D) I only

99. Postmodern critiques of history emphasize :

- I. Narrative construction
- II. Language as a historical agent
- III. Collapse of metanarratives
- IV. Class as the sole driver of history

Choose the correct option:

- A) II, III, and IV
- B) I, II, and III
- C) I, III, and IV
- D) I and II

100. Match the schools and core concepts :

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|
| i. Marxist | 1. Materialism |
| ii. Annales | 2. Structure over event |
| iii. Positivist | 3. Facts as sacred |
| iv. Subaltern | 4. Histories from below |

Choose the correct option:

- A) i-2, ii-1, iii-3, iv-4
- B) i-3, ii-2, iii-1, iv-4
- C) i-4, ii-1, iii-3, iv-2
- D) i-1, ii-2, iii-3, iv-4