Roll No

1(CCE-M)4

AGRICULTURE-II

[01]

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 300

INSTRUCTIONS

- i) Answers must be written in English.
- ii) The number of marks carried by each question is indicated at the end of the question.
- iii) The answer to each question or part there of should begin on a fresh page.
- iv) Your answer should be precise and coherent.
- v) The part/parts of the same question must be answered together and should not be interposed between answers to other questions.
- vi) Candidates should attempt question No:1 which is compulsory and any five more from the remaining questions.
- vii) If you encounter any typographical error, please read it as it appears in the text book.
- viii) Candidates are in their own interest advised to go through the General Instructions on the back side of the title page of the Answer Script for strict adherence.

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- ix) No continuation sheets shall be provided to any candidate under any circumstances.
- x) Candidates shall put a cross (X) on blank pages of answer Script.
- xi) No blank page be left in between answer to various questions.
- xii) No programmable Calculator is allowed.
- xiii) No stencil (with different markings) is allowed.
- 1. A) Answer any six of the following. $(6 \times 5=30)$
 - 1. Applications of micro propagation.
 - 2. DNA Sequencing
 - 3. Gene cloning and its significance
 - 4. Seed borne diseases with examples
 - 5. Male annihilation techniques of pest control. With examples
 - 6. Root feeding methods of pest control.
 - 7. Coconut root wilt disease and its management
 - 8. Bunchy top disease of banana and its management.
 - B) 1. Biological control of plant diseases with classical examples (10)
 - 2. Describe the soil and climatic requirement, major pests and their control and advanced technologies for saffron cultivation. (10)
- 2. A) Differentiate between any 6 of the following. $(6 \times 5=30)$

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- 1. Monoecy v/s Dioecy
- 2. Gametophytic and Sporophytic self incompatibility.
- 3. Taungya systems v/s Jhoom cultivation
- 4. Agro forestry v/s Silviculture
- 5. Photo synthesis v/s photo respiration.
- 6. Active absorption v/s passive absorption.
- 7. Field capacity v/s Permanent wilting point.
- 8. C3 plants v/s C4 plants.
- B) 1. Define germplasms? Explain different kind of germplasms and their significance in agricultural development (10)
 - 2. Explain the steps involved in hybrid seed production of chilli or okra (10)
- 3. A) Write a short note on any 6 of the following. $(6 \times 5=30)$
 - 1. Seed certification and steps involved in seed certification.
 - 2. Summer seed nurseries and their role.
 - 3. Cloned crops, their characteristics and clonal section.
 - 4. Theories of Heterosis.
 - 5. NBPGR, IPGRI, CIMMYT,
 - 6. Gene gun mediated plant transformation.
 - Applications of RAPDs.
 - 8. Applications of meristerm culture.
 - B) 1. Discuss the functions of N P and K in plants (10)

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- 2. What is seed deterioration? Explain control methods during seed production & storage (10)
- 4. A) 1. Define antibiotic? Its advantages & disadvantages in plant diseases management. (10)
 - 2. Give four seed borne disease and their control.(10)
 - B) Give short answers to any six of the following: $(6 \times 5=30)$
 - 1. Non parasitic diseases of plants.
 - 2. Major categories of fungicides.
 - 3. Major diseases of wheat and rice.
 - 4. Insect pheromones and their significance.
 - 5. Cotton Boll worms, economic significance and their control.
 - 6. Insects useful for biological control of pests.
 - 7. Insect vectors of plant diseases.
 - 8. Golden rice and its significance.
- 5. Give short answers to any six of the following. $(6 \times 5=30)$
 - A) 1. Economic thresh hold level of pests.
 - 2. Chemosterilants.
 - 3. Meta morphosis in insects.
 - 4. Plant exploration and its significance.
 - 5. Hardly Weinberg law.
 - 6. Mutation breeding with examples.
 - 7. Apomixis in plant breeding with examples.
 - 8. Bulk method of plant breeding with examples.

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B)	1. Define pureline and explain pureline selection a		
		its advantages.	(10)
	2. Types and use of plants growth hormones wi		
		suitable examples.	(10)
A)	Answer the following any six		(6×5=30)
	1	1 Differentiate between climacteric fruits and non-	

- - climacteric fruits.
 - 2. Richmand-Lang effect in plant.

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- 3. Characteristics of class insecta.
- 4. Metal sheet banding in coconut and rhinoceros beetle control.
- 5. Vapor heat treatment in mango and its utility.
- 6. Gummosis and its consequences.
- 7. Monophagous pests with examples.
- 8. Hidden infestation with examples.
- B) 1. Narrate the significance of "Nano technology" in relation to plant diseases management & discuss its practical application in plant pathology.
 - 2. What are the important storage pests and how to control them? (10)
- 1. Explain in details the major production constraints, 7. A) pests, and diseases of apple and appropriate management strategy. (10)
 - Discuss the factors responsible for pest out break 2. in nature with examples from history. (10)

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B) Answer any six of the following:

- $(6 \times 5 = 30)$
- 1. Locusts and their importance.
- 2. Domesticated honey bees and their management.
- 3. Important pests and diseases of sugar cane.
- 4. Major pests and diseases of potato.
- 5. Dr. MS Swaminathan and his recent contributions to agriculture sector.
- 6. Kranz anatomy of plants.
- 7. Drought hormone and growth retardants.
- 8. Introduced pests with 3 examples and difficulties in their control.
- 8. A) Answer any six of the following

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$

- 1. Coconut eriophyid mite and its control.
- 2. BGA, significance with example.
- 3. Aqua forestry & coastal plantations and their utility
- 4. Shelter belts & wind breaks.
- 5. Pollination in vanilla
- 6. Katte diseases of cardamom and its management.
- 7. Nitrogen fixing trees and their role in farming.
- 8. Energy plantations and their scope in India with examples
- B) 1. Explain the principles and practices of integrated pest management with at least two successful examples. (10)

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2. What are the steps involved in organic certificating of farms, name agencies and advantages of having such a certification for farmers. (10)

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